What is claimed is:

- 1. A method for protecting cognitive function in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal a morphogen or nucleic acid encoding the morphogen.
- A method for reducing memory dysfunction in a mammal, the method comprising the step of administering to the mammal a morphogen or a nucleic acid encoding the morphogen.
- 3. A method for treating dementia in a mammal, comprising the step of administering to the mammal a morphogen or a nucleic acid encoding the morphogen.
- 4. A method for treating a symptom associated with hippocampal tissue damage in a mammal, comprising the step of administering to the mammal a morphogen or a nucleic acid encoding the morphogen.
- 5. The method of claim 1, 2, 3 or 4 wherein said mammal is afflicted with or at risk of brain tissue damage associated with mechanical or chemical trauma, oxygen deprivation, glucose deprivation, a neurodegenerative disorder or dementia.
- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein said tissue damage results from ischemia.
- 7. The method of claim 1,2, 3 or 4 wherein said mammal is a human.
- 8. The method of claim 6 wherein said human is at risk of or is afflicted with arterial occlusion cardiac arrest or stroke.
- 9. The method of claim 1, 2, 3 or 4 wherein said mammal is afflicted with or at risk of amnesia.
- 10. The method of claim 1, 2, 3 or 4 which said mammal is afflicted with or is at risk of Alzheimer's Disease, Pick Disease, Parkinson's Disease, amylotrophic lateral sclerosis,

Lewis-body disease, dementia, pugilista, cerebral atrophy, senility, malnutrition, glucose metabolism disorder or anorexia.

- 11. The method of claim 1, 2, 3 or 4 wherein said morphogenic protein is administered intraventricularly.
- 12. The method of claim 12 wherein morphogen is administered intravenously.
- 13. The method of claim 12 wherein said morphogen is administered intracisternally.
- 14. The method of claim 1,2, 3 or 4 wherein said morphogen stimulates neurite growth.
- 15. The method of claim 1, 2, 3 or 4 wherein said morphogen has an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) having at least 70% homology with the C-terminal seven- cysteine skeleton of human OP-1, residues 330-431 of Seq. ID No. 2;
 - b) having greater than 60% amino acid sequence identity with said C-terminal seven
 - cysteine skeleton of human OP-1;
 - c) defined by Generic Sequence 7, Seq. ID No. 4;
 - d) defined by Generic Sequence 8, Seq. ID No. 5;
 - e) defined by Generic Sequence 9, Seq. ID No. 6;
 - f) defined by Generic Sequence 10, Seq. ID No. 7; and
 - g) defined by OPX, Seq. ID No. 3,

wherein said morphogen stimulates production of an N-CAM or L1 isoform by an NG108-15 cell in vitro.

16. The method of claim 15 wherein said morphogen is OP-1.

- 17. The method of claim 15 wherein said morphogen is any one of OP2, OP3, BMP2; BMP3; BMP4; BMP5; BMP6; BMP9; BMP-10, BMP-11, BMP-12, BMP-15, BMP-3b, DPP; Vg1; Vgr; 60A protein; GDF-1; GDF-3, GDF-5, GDF-6, GDF-7, GDF-8, GDF-9, GDF-10, GDF-11; and morphogenically active amino acid sequence variants thereof.
- 18. The method of claim 15 wherein said morphogen is noncovalently complexed with at least one morphogen pro domain.
- 19. A composition for protecting cognitive function and/or reducing cognitive dysfunction in a mammal, the composition comprising a morphogen in an amount sufficient to protect cognitive function and/or reduce cognitive dysfunction in said mammal.
- 20. The composition of claim 19 wherein said morphogen is dispersed in an aqueous solution.
- 21. The composition of claim 19 wherein said morphogen is disposed in a biodegradable, biocompatible matrix or binding agent.
- 22. The composition f claim 17 wherein said morphogen is disposed in a biocompatible microsphere.
- 23. A composition for protecting cognitive function and/or reducing cognitive dysfunction in a mammal, the composition comprising cultured cells competent to express a morphogen in an amount sufficient to protect cognitive function and/or reduce cognitive dysfunction in said mammal.
- 24. The composition of claim 23 wherein said cells are disposed in a porous, biocompatible material.
- 25. A composition for protecting cognitive function and/or reducing cognitive dysfunction in a mammal, the composition comprising a recombinant nucleic acid comprising a DNA sequence encoding a morphogen and a promoter in operative association therewith, in an

amount sufficient to protect cognitive function and/or reduce cognitive dysfunction in said mammal.

- 26. A kit for protecting cognitive function and/or reducing cognitive dysfunction in a mammal, the kit comprising
 - a) cells competent to express morphogen in an amount sufficient to protect cognitive function or to reduce cognitive dysfunction in a mammal, and
 - b) a receptacle for said cells, said receptacle comprising a biocompatible, porous, sealable membrane suitable for implanting in said mammal.